



**EBU**

OPERATING EUROVISION AND EURORADIO



**FORECAST 2017 - 20th Anniversary**

# All you want to know about the 5G-Xcast project

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**Universitat Politecnica de Valencia**

**24 Nov. 2017, Geneva, Switzerland**

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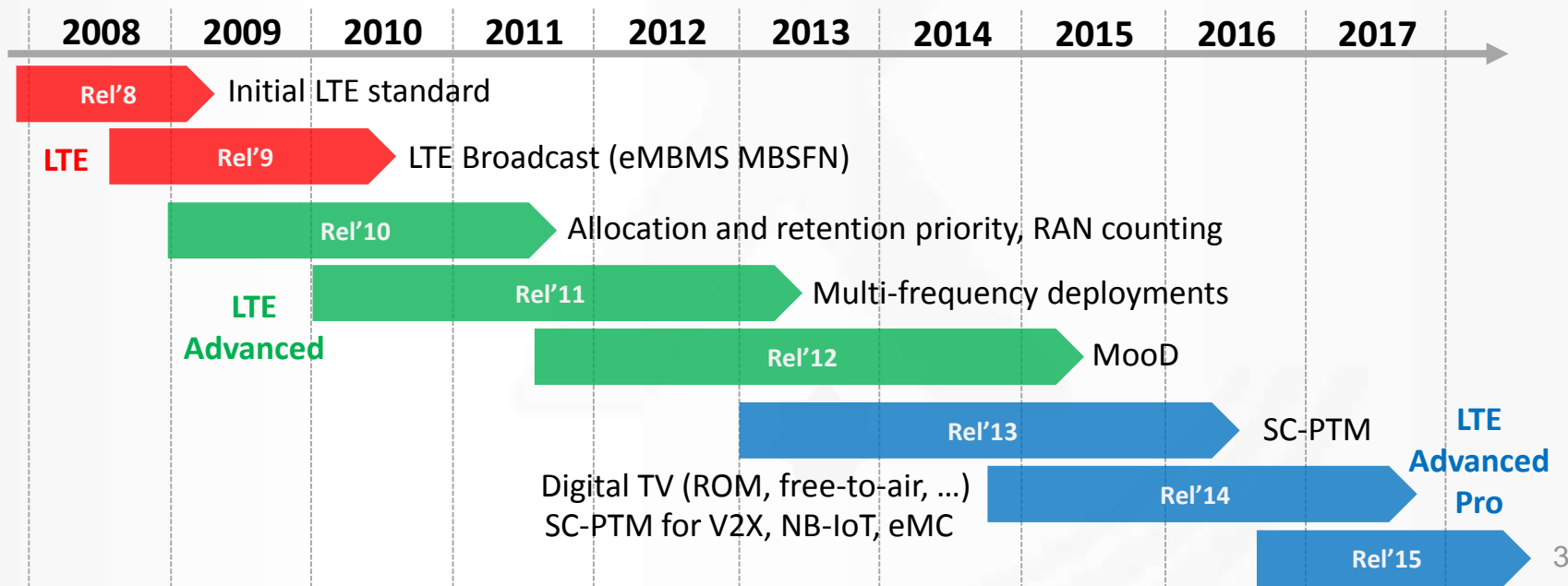
- Introduction
  - 5G, IMT2020 and 3GPP – annex slides
- Broadcast in 5G
- eMBMS Evolution in 4G LTE
- 5G in 3GPP
- The 5G-Xcast Project
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# PTM Evolution in 4G



## Two major trends from Rel'12 enhancements:

- Dedicated broadcast networks for TV services
- PTM as RAN delivery optimization feature



# PTM in 4G LTE



- **Originally included in Rel'9 (eMBMS), based on 3G MBMS from Rel'6**
- **It has been significantly enhanced in the latest releases of LTE-Advance Pro for different types of communications:**
  - Television services (EnTV) – based on broadcasters' requirements
  - Critical communications
  - Vehicular communications
  - Machine-type communications
- **Two major trends and main technology enhancements:**
  - **Dedicated broadcast networks for TV services**
    - Receive only, shared network infrastructure, external interface towards content providers, ...
  - **PTM as delivery optimization feature**
    - MooD, SC-PTM, ...
- **But built on top of an initially conceived basic and static TV-like service**
  - Following LTE backwards-compatibility design principle

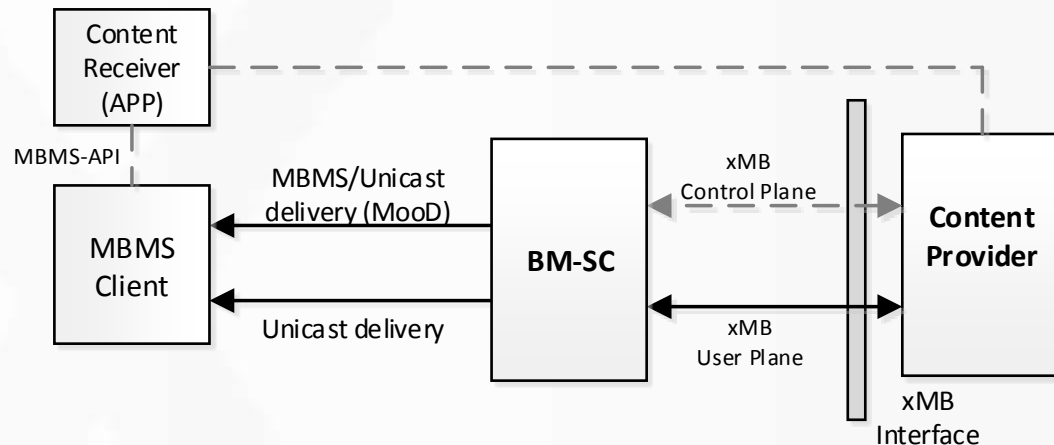
# Rel'14 EnTV - towards stand-alone eMBMS broadcast networks



## • Radio Enhancements

Non-backwards compatible

- **Dedicated carriers** with up to 100% MBMS allocation
- **Self-contained system information** and synchronization signals
- **200  $\mu$ s long cyclic prefix** to support large inter-site distances

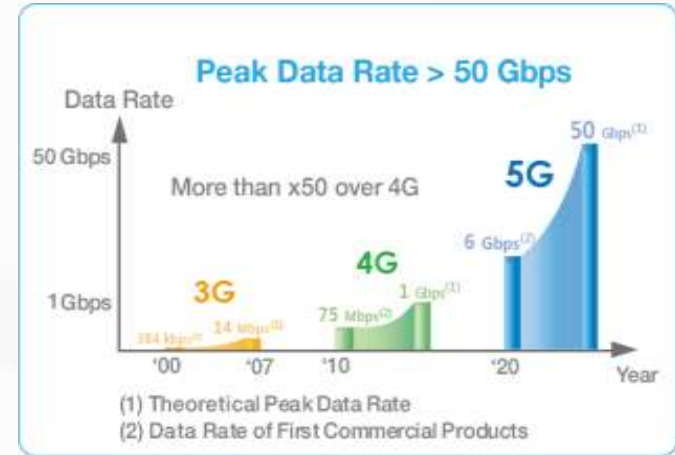
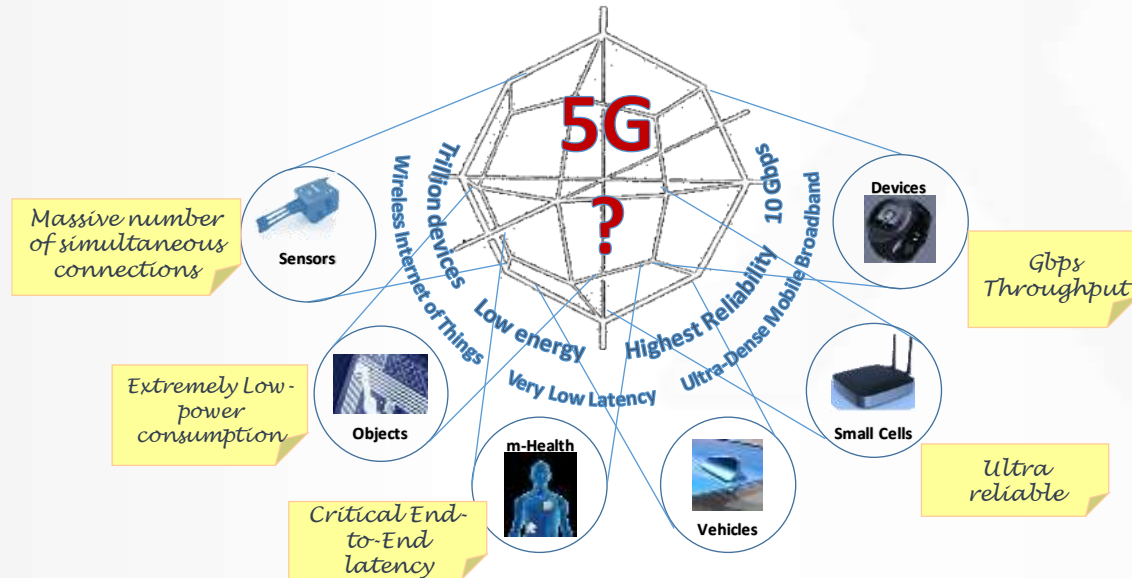


## • Architecture Enhancements

- **Receive-Only Mode (ROM)** for devices without SIM card or 3GPP subscription
- New service types to enable **free-to-air** content broadcast that can be received by ROM devices and also **interactive services**
- **Open standardized broadcasting application programming (xMB) external interface** towards the TV content providers to simplify access to complex eMBMS procedures
- **Transport-only (pass-through) MBMS bearer service type** to use the eMBMS network as content delivery platform in the native format without transcoding
- **Shared networks among several MNOs** to avoid broadcasting the same content at the same time over different networks

# What will 5G bring?

- 5G will **not only** provide **one order of magnitude increase** in **peak data rates**
- It is being designed to meet very challenging technical requirements to support **new use cases** derived from several **vertical industries**, **not just for mobile broadband**



# ITU IMT-2020 Minimum Technical Performance Requirements (I/II)



KPI	Minimum Requirement	
Peak Data Rate	20 Gbps DL	10 Gbps UL
Peak Spectral Efficiency	30 bps/Hz DL	15 bps/Hz UL
User experienced data rate	100 Mbps DL;	50 Mbps UL
5 <sup>th</sup> percentile user spectral efficiency	0.225 bps/Hz DL eMBB in dense urban (0.12 rural)	
Average spectral efficiency	9/7.8/3.3 bit/s/Hz/TRxP for eMBB hotspot/urban/rural	
Area traffic capacity	10 Mbit/s/m <sup>2</sup> in the Indoor Hotspot for eMBB	
Bandwidth	at least 100 MHz;	1 GHz above 6 GHz

# Broadcast in 5G



**Broadcast/Multicast Point-to-Multipoint (PTM) transmissions are key in many 5G use cases, but they have not been considered in the first release of 5G (Rel'15)**

## MULTIMEDIA & ENTERTAINMENT



UHDTV delivery  
VR, AR, 360° video  
Content prepositioning  
Push to X (talk/video)

## CONNECTED AUTOMOTIVE



Autonomous driving  
information, Infotainment  
Safety applications,  
Signage information

## INTERNET OF THINGS



Software Updates  
Common Control  
Messages

## PUBLIC WARNING AND SAFETY



Disaster alerts (e.g.  
tsunami, earthquake)  
Emergency alerts (e.g.  
hazard, amber alerts)



UNPRECEDENT  
COMMUNICATION  
CAPABILITIES

OPPORTUNITY FOR THE  
CONVERGENCE OF FIXED,  
MOBILE AND BROADCAST  
NETWORKS

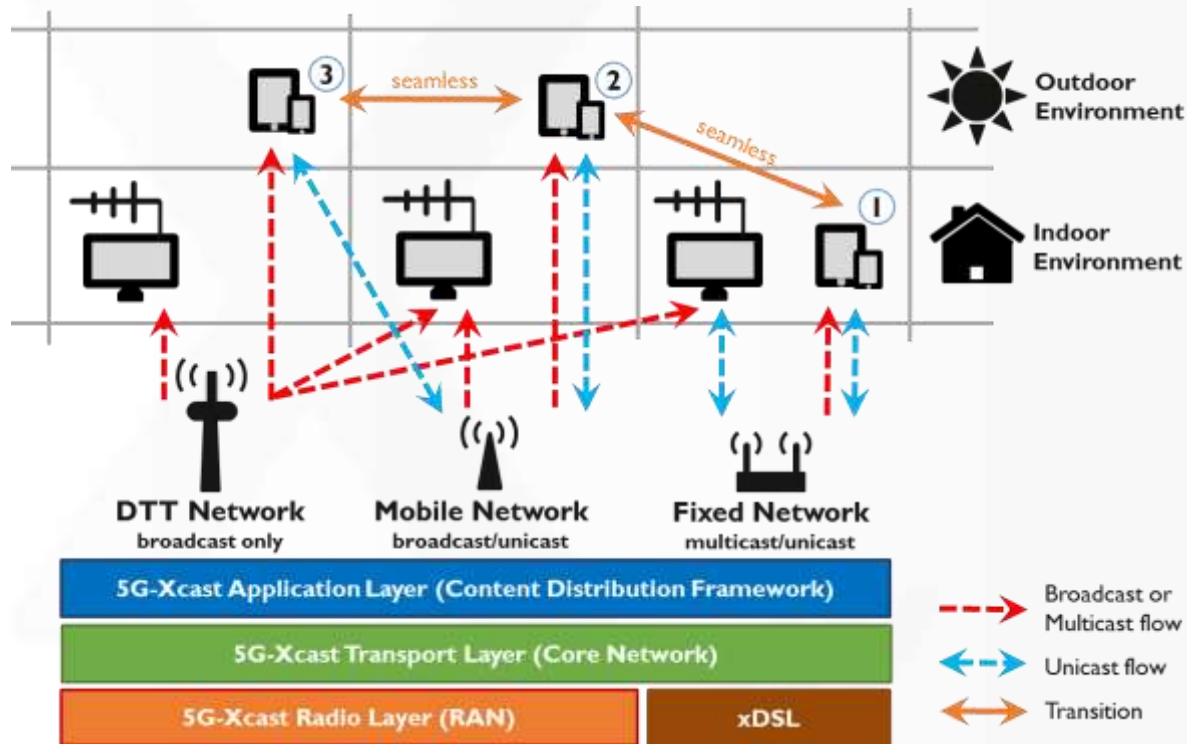


PTM AND CACHING AS  
BUILT-IN NETWORK  
DELIVERY OPTIMISATIONS,  
NOT AS A SERVICE, FOR ALL

NETWORK SLICING  
FOR BROADCAST  
SERVICES

# 5G-XCAST Convergence Vision

The converged media delivery architecture of 5G-Xcast over fixed broadband, mobile broadband and terrestrial broadcast networks allows a **seamless, uninterrupted service** to be offered to the users as they move.



# Basic Information about 5G-Xcast



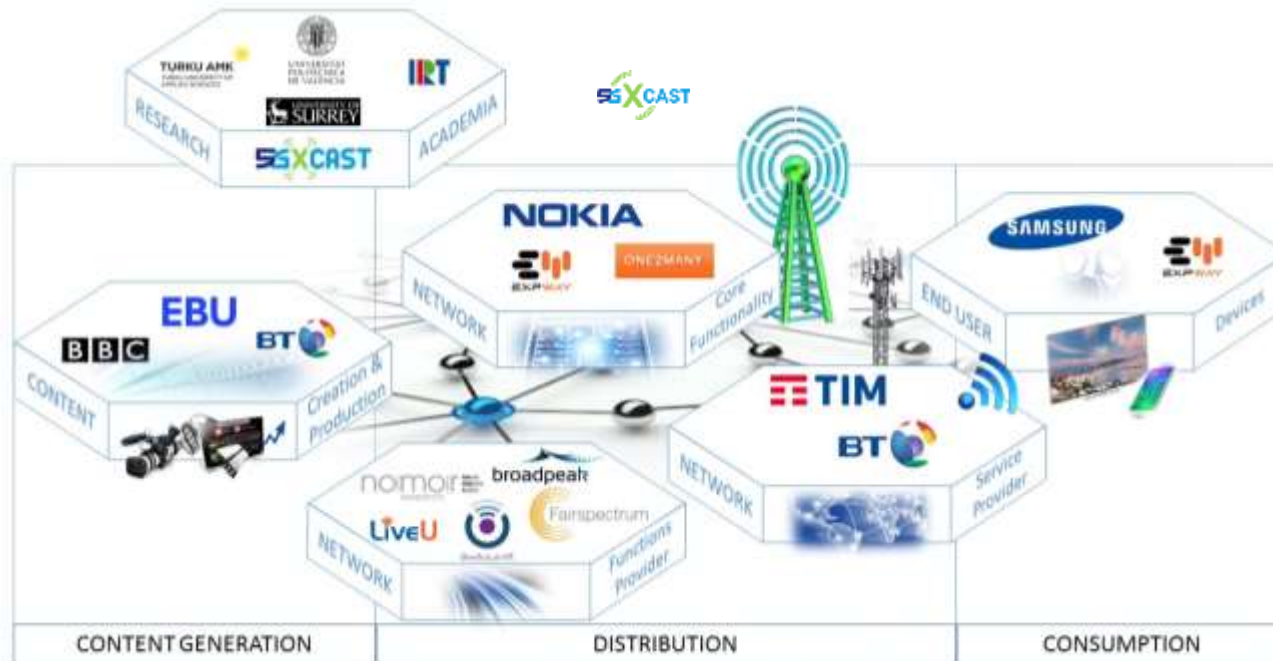
- **Title:** Broadcast and Multicast Communication Enablers for the Fifth-Generation of Wireless Systems (5G-Xcast)
- **Research and Innovation Action project** from 5G-PPP Phase-II
- **Starting and end date:** June 2017 – May 2019 (24 months)
- **18 partners of 9 countries**
- **Website:** [www.5g-xcast.eu](http://www.5g-xcast.eu)



# Consortium



## Media & Entertainment Value Chain





## Technical Challenges / Our Focus

**USE CASES** Identify and define requirements and KPIs for: **Media, Automotive, IoT and Public Warning**

**BROADCAST PTM RAN** Comprehensive and holistic, design will include the **radio interface, RAT protocols** and RAN **architecture**.

**CONVERGED CORE NETWORK** Combining **fixed, mobile and broadcast** networks. Using mix of **unicast, broadcast transport** and **caching** capabilities.



## Technical Challenges / Our Focus

**CONTENT  
DISTRIBUTION  
FRAMEWORK**

**Network-agnostic**, combining unicast, multicast, broadcast and caching for **dynamic network resource optimisation**.

**Simple interface** between content service provider and network operator

**PROOF-OF-  
CONCEPT  
PROTOTYPES**

For the **5G-Xcast radio, transport and application layer** key components

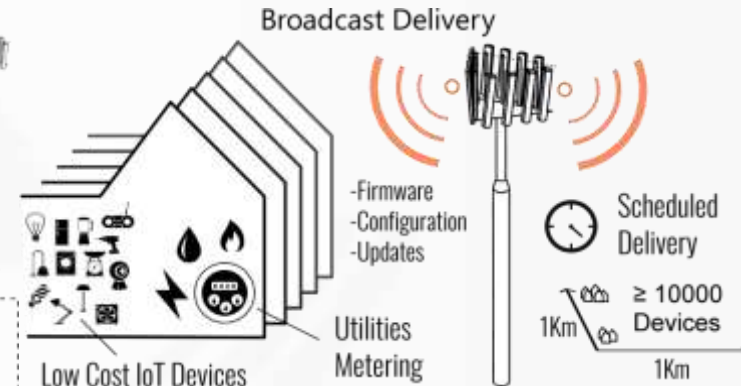
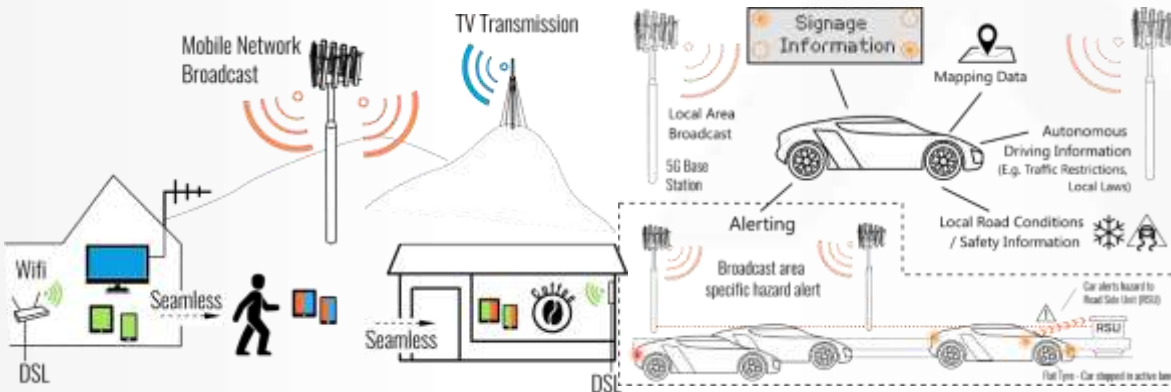
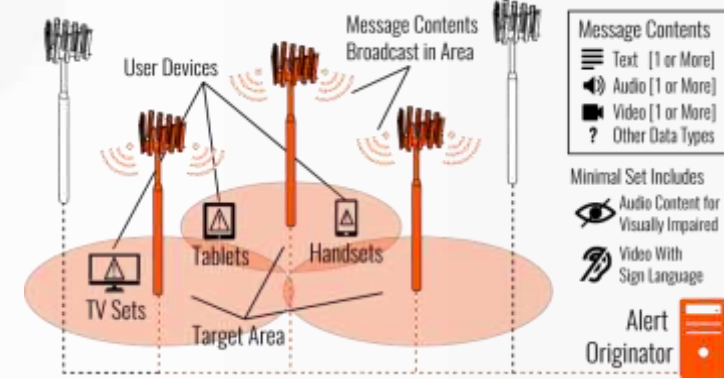
**Test-Beds**

5GIC (Surrey, UK)  
IRT (Munich, Germany)  
TUAS(Turku, Finland)

# WP2 Use Cases



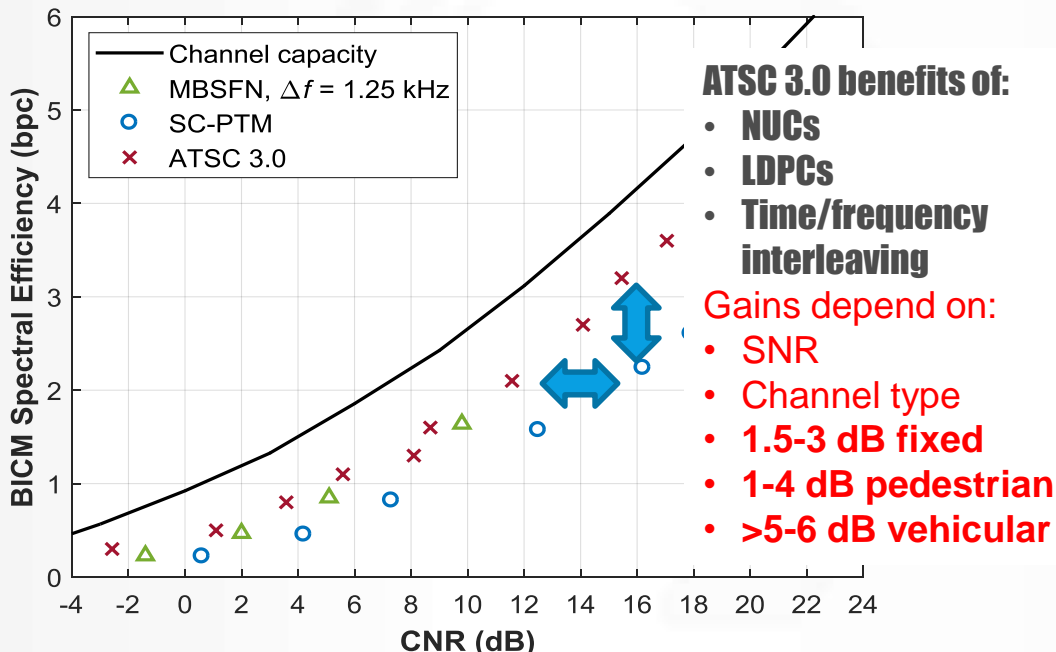
- **D2.1 published:** Definition of 5G use cases for PTM transmissions for media, PW, automotive and IoT verticals, with high-level requirements
- **Next step:** technology evaluation and use case refinement in cooperation with the technical WPs



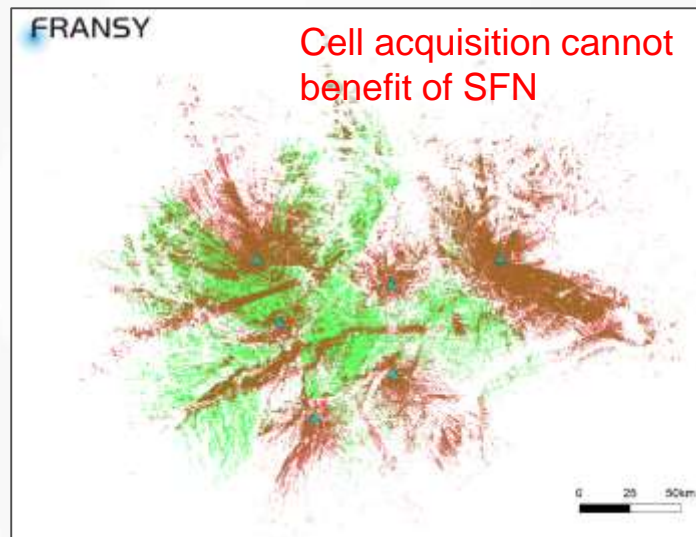
# WP3 RAN Benchmark illustrative results



## • Comparison eMBMS vs. ATSC 3.0 physical layer



## • Performance analysis of eMBMS Rel'14



Signaling -6 dB SNR; Data 0.5 dB SNR

CAS MBSFN CAS+MBSFN

• **Public deliverable D3.1 available in December**

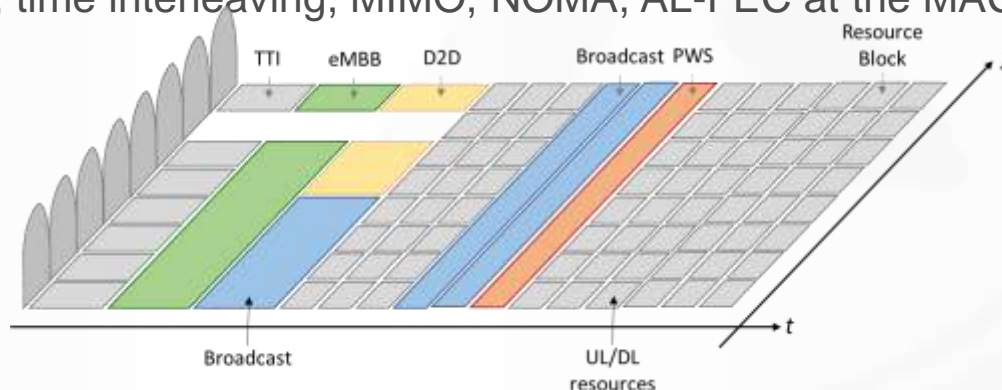
• **On-going: evaluation of the performance of 4G LTE in IMT2020 test environments and assess the benefits of PTM (intended exercise for the 5G-Xcast radio interface)**



# WP3 RAN 5G PTM Air Interface



- **Following 3GPP Rel'15 New Radio progress and building a link-layer simulator**
  - **Numerology** only allows 15 kHz minimum carrier spacing
  - Rel'14 7.5 kHz and 1.5 kHz also possible that allow longer CPs
- **Basic extension from PTP to PTM – minimal additions**
  - Pilots, gNBs synchronization, SFN coordination, numerology, resource allocation ...
- **Additional technologies – trade-off gain vs. additional complexity**
  - NUCs, time interleaving, MIMO, NOMA, AL-FEC at the MAC layer, ...

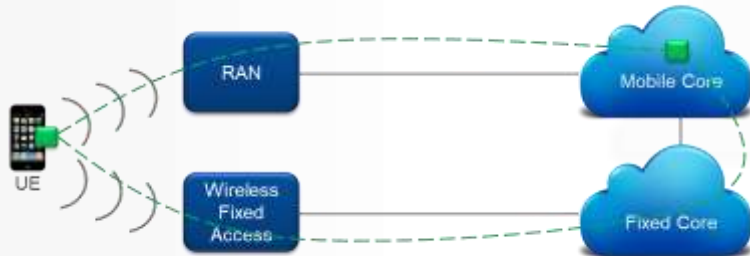


# WP4 Converged Core Network



## • Achievements:

- Identification of the limitations of eMBMS Rel'14
- Identification and analysis of new functionalities and technologies for improvement
  - Converged autonomous Mood, multilink, MEC, PW for multimedia data
- Identification of different types of network convergence
  - Radio Access Convergence, Convergence of 3GPP and Non-3GPP Access, Overlay Convergence, 5G Converged Core



Convergence of 3GPP and non-3GPP Access



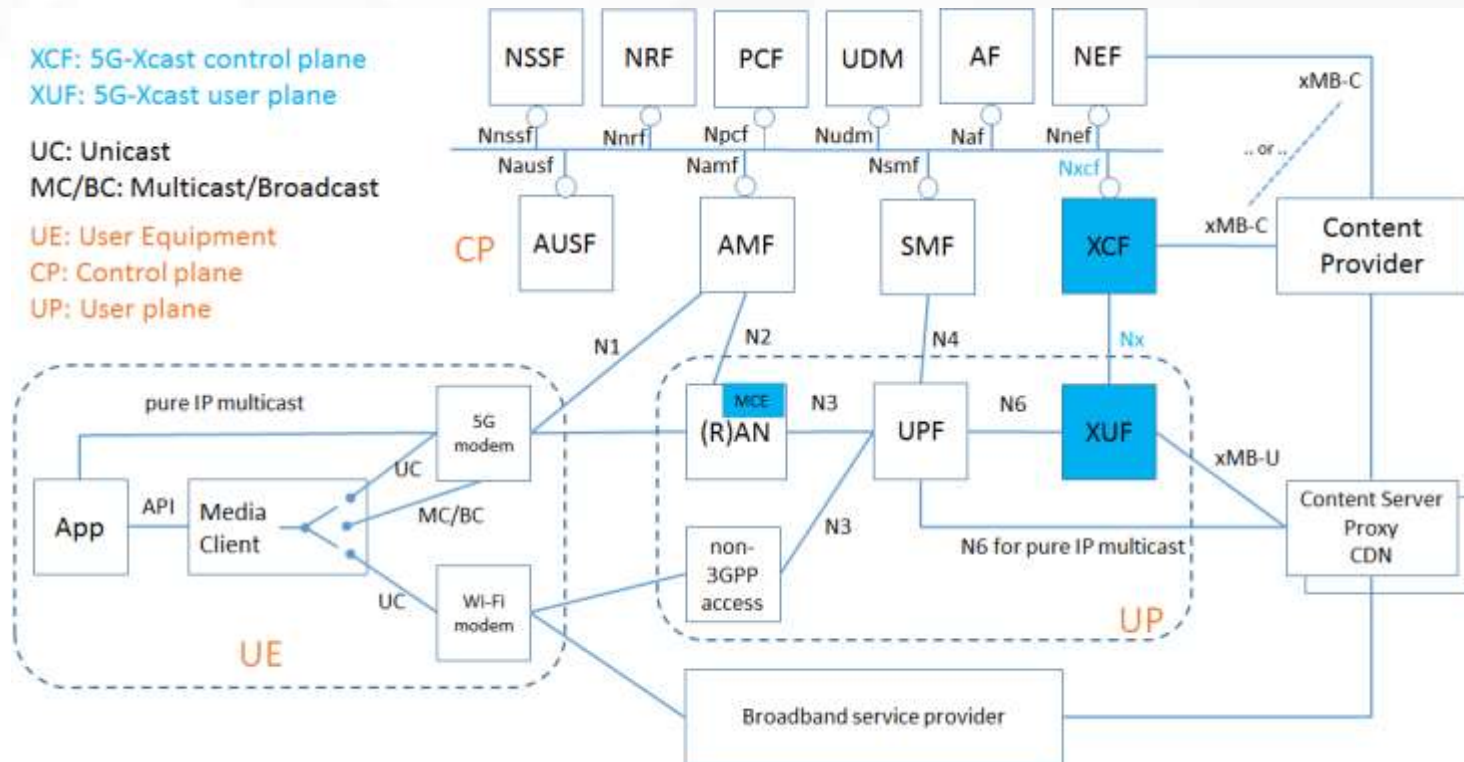
Converged 5G core

# WP4 5G-Xcast Mobile Core Network



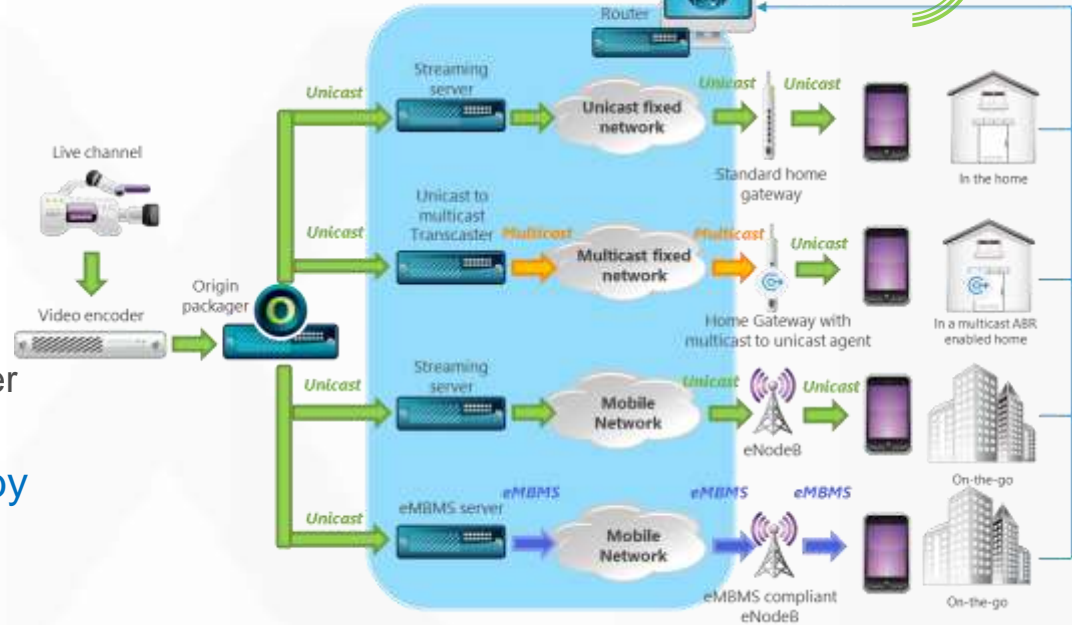
## On-going work:

- **Mobile PTM network architecture based on 3GPP 5G service-based architecture**
  - NFV/SDN
  - Network slicing
- **Future contribution to 3GPP 5G\_Media\_Distribution**



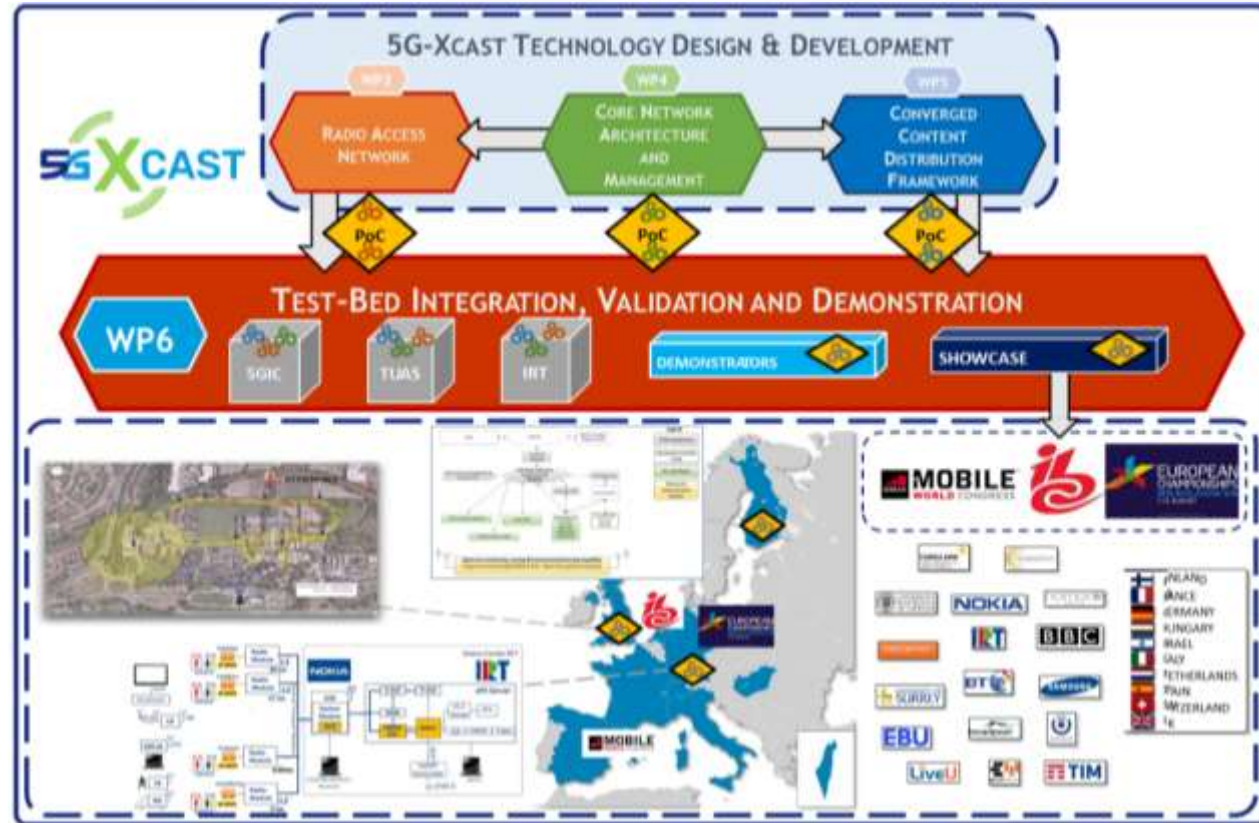
- **Rel'15 full 5G core network due in June 2018**

# WP5 Content Distribution



- Content delivery vision
  - Design principles:
    - PTM and caching as internal network optimization
    - Simple APIs
    - Application layer intelligence over network signaling
  - D5.1 deliverable to be released by the end of November!
- On-going work:
  - Combination of Mood (mobile network) and ABR multicast (fixed network) in the same converged system
- More details in presentation on “*Unified content delivery on fixed and mobile networks*” by Steve Appleby (BT) WP5 leader

# WP6 Test-Beds



## Test-beds

- 5GIC, IRT, TUAS

## Large-scale demonstrations

- Object-based broadcasting
- Hybrid broadcasting
- Public warning

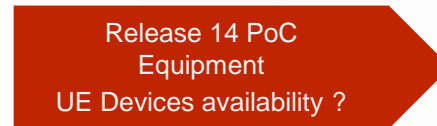
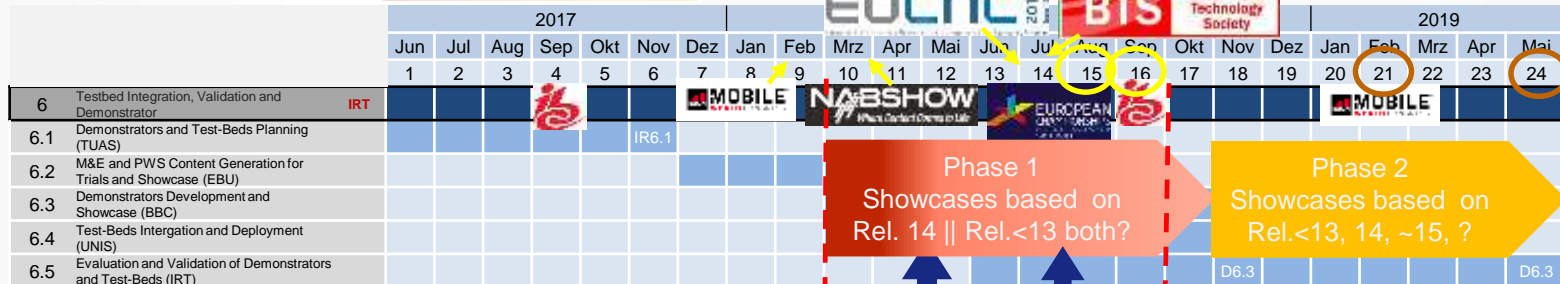
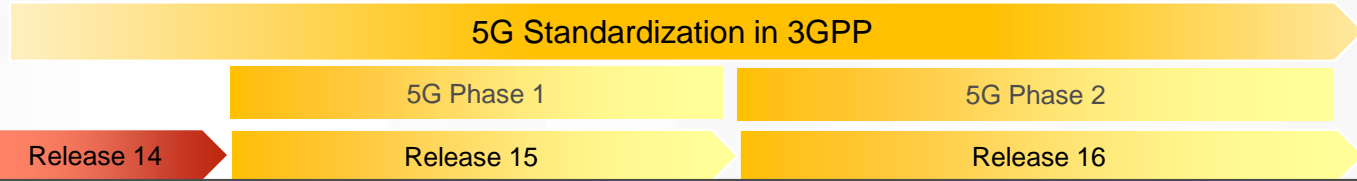
## Small-scale demonstrations

- IBC 2018, EUCNC 2019

## Showcase

- European Championships 2018

# WP6 Roadmap - Development plan



„Global 5G event“

Final 5G-Xcast demo



# WP7 Dissemination & Standardization



## • Dissemination

- Public deliverables, scientific papers, presentations:
  - <http://5g-xcast.eu/documents/>
- News and events
  - [@5Gxcast](https://twitter.com/5Gxcast) tweet for live updates
  - <http://5g-xcast.eu/news-events/>
- Videos
  - <https://youtu.be/daFOf30NG2U>
- One-day tutorial and workshop at IEEE BMSB 2018



## • Standardization

- 3GPP
  - 5G\_Media\_Distribution, Study on MBMS User Services for IoT, eMBMS and Mission Critical Services, Study on the Wireless and Wireline Convergence for the 5G system architecture,
- DVB (WiB, ABR multicast)
- Broadband forum

# 5G Broadcast Outlook Summary



- **Broadcasters interest** in 3GPP technologies is increasing
  - EBU broadcast requirements taken into account in Rel'14 (EnTV) but not 100% clear that eMBMS can be fully deployed in existing HPHT DTT broadcasting infrastructure
  - **Rel'14 has a long legacy from Rel'8** – detailed gap-analysis required (e.g. CAS)
  - 5G is an **opportunity** for broadcasters to define a **5G broadcast mode** using the latest 3GPP technology
- Many 5G **use cases require PTM** transmissions, not just TV broadcast
  - Treat **PTM transmissions and caching** as **delivery optimization tool**
- 5G Broadcast **not included** in the first 5G release (Rel'15) and probably not the second (Rel'16)
  - **Good opportunity in Rel'17 for a solution for all relevant verticals**, but important to **ensure forward-compatibility**
- 5G-Xcast is performing **pre-standardization investigations on 5G Broadcast**, and will also seek **consensus building for 3GPP activities**



Website: [www.5g-xcast.eu](http://www.5g-xcast.eu)

Twitter: [@5Gxcast](https://twitter.com/5Gxcast)



Thank You

LinkedIn: <https://uk.linkedin.com/company/5g-xcast>



UNIVERSITAT  
POLITÈCNICA  
DE VALÈNCIA



IEEE



# IEEE International Symposium on Broadband Multimedia Systems and Broadcasting

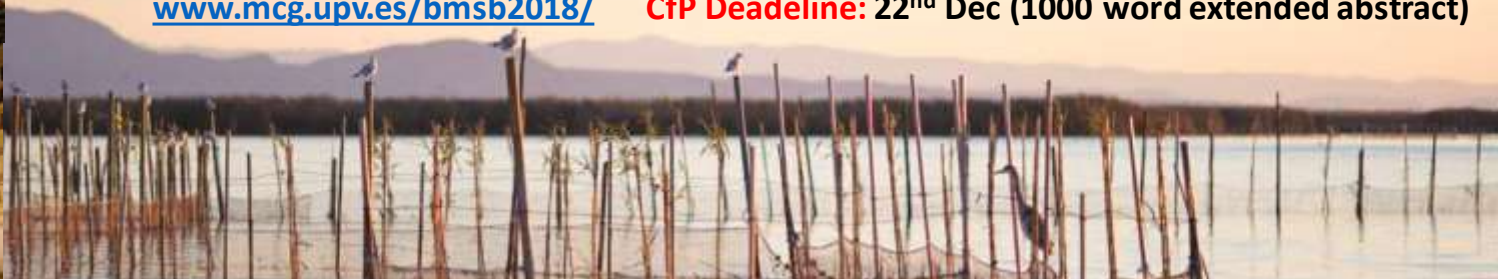
*June 6th – 8th 2018, Valencia, Spain*

Tutorial on 5G Broadcast. Several workshops on 5G.

Tracks: Multimedia Broadband and Broadcasting Systems; Multimedia Services, Quality and Content; Multimedia Processing; Multimedia and Broadcast Transmissions

[www.mcg.upv.es/bmsb2018/](http://www.mcg.upv.es/bmsb2018/)

**CfP Deadline: 22<sup>nd</sup> Dec (1000 word extended abstract)**

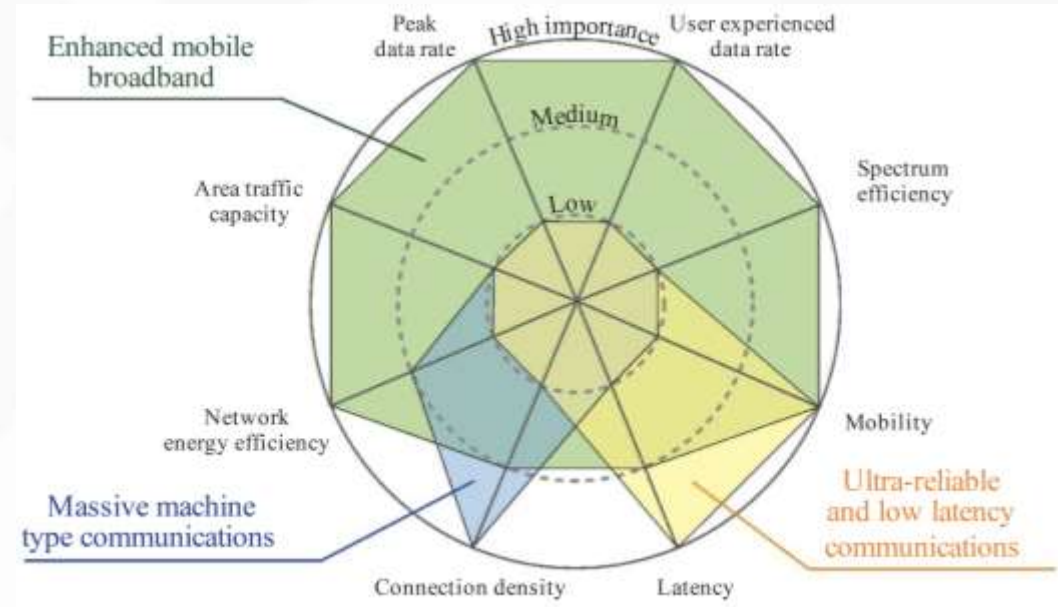
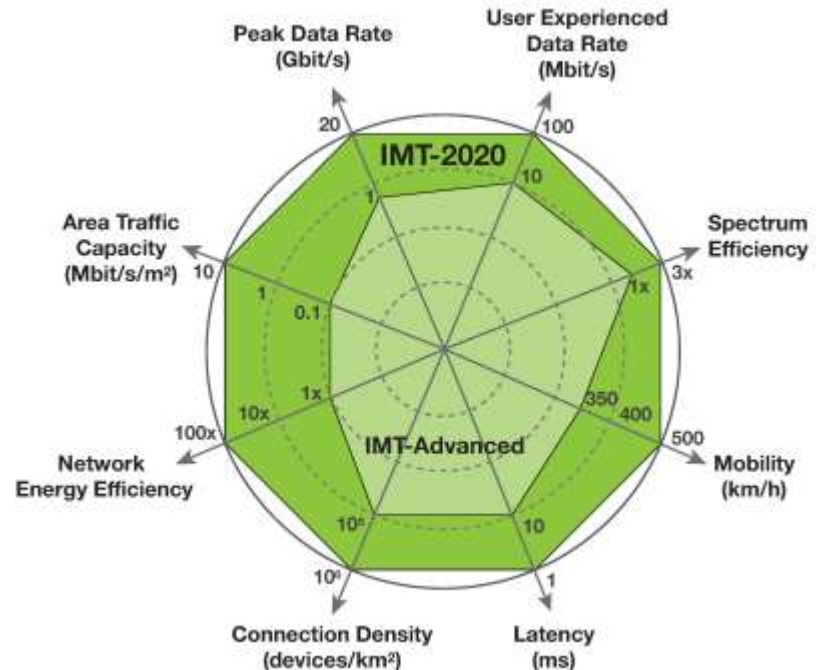
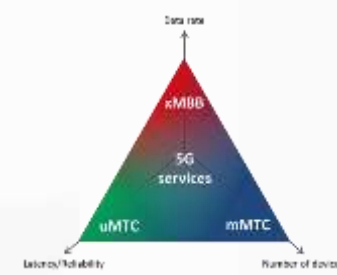


# 5G Driven by New Use Cases and Designed for New Vertical Industries





# ITU IMT-2020 Key Capabilities and Usage Scenarios



# ITU IMT-2020 Minimum Technical Performance Requirements (II/II)

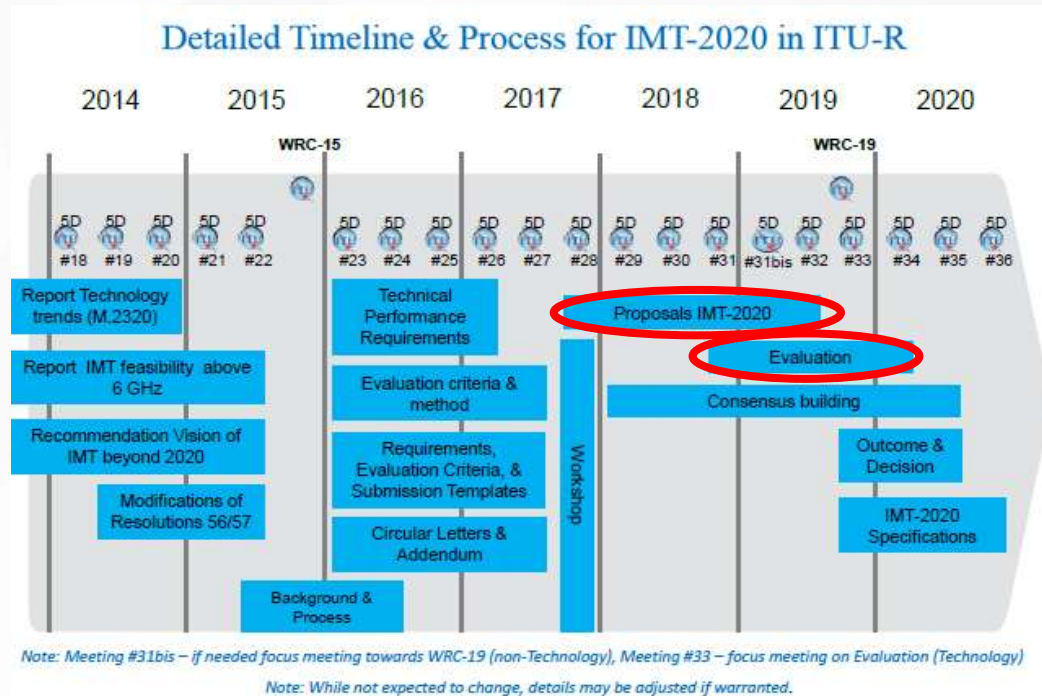
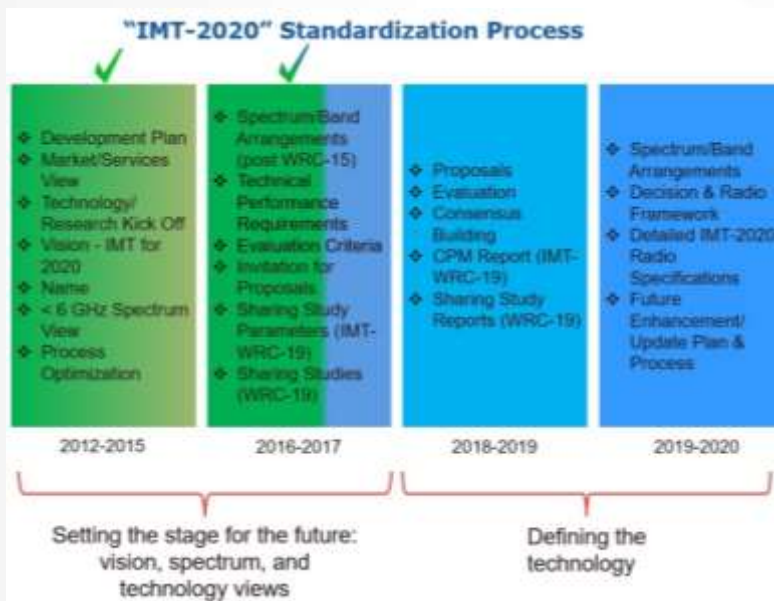


KPI	Minimum Requirement
<b>Latency</b>	User plane latency: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 4 ms for eMBB;</li><li>• 1 ms for URLLC</li></ul> Control plane latency: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 20 ms (10 ms encouraged)</li></ul>
<b>Connection density</b>	1.000.000 devices per km <sup>2</sup>
<b>Reliability</b>	1-10 <sup>-5</sup> success probability of transmitting a layer 2 PDU of 32 bytes within 1 ms in channel quality of coverage edge for URLLC
<b>Mobility</b>	Up to 500 km/h
<b>Mobility interruption time</b>	0 ms
<b>Energy efficiency</b>	High sleep ratio and long sleep duration for eMBB

# ITU IMT-2020 Timeline



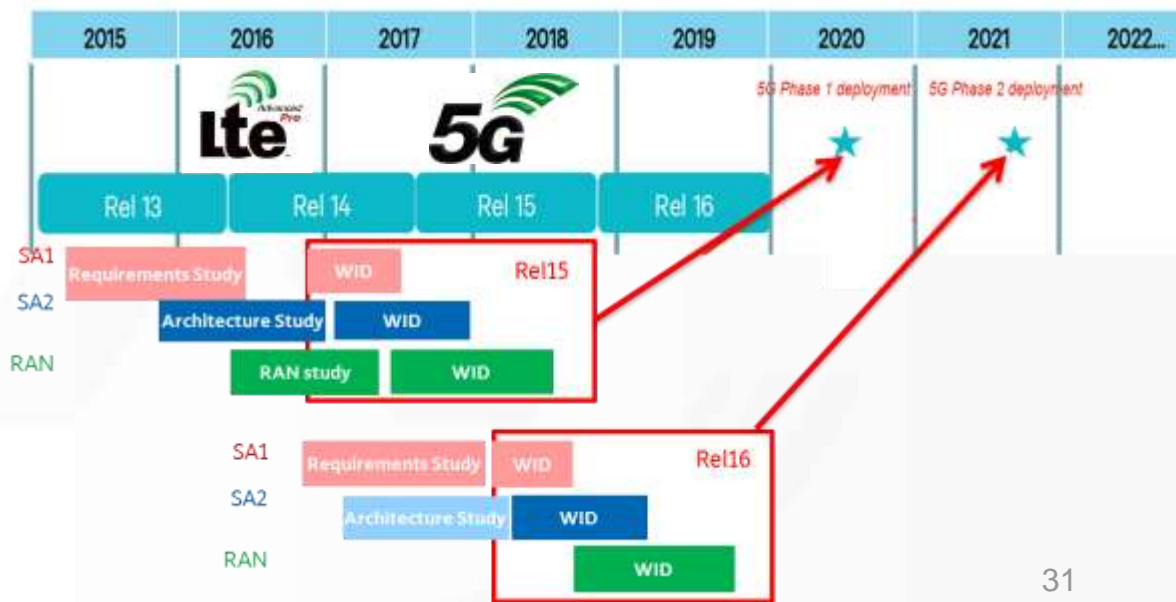
- **Proposal submission opened in October 2017 and closes in July 2019**



# 5G in 3GPP



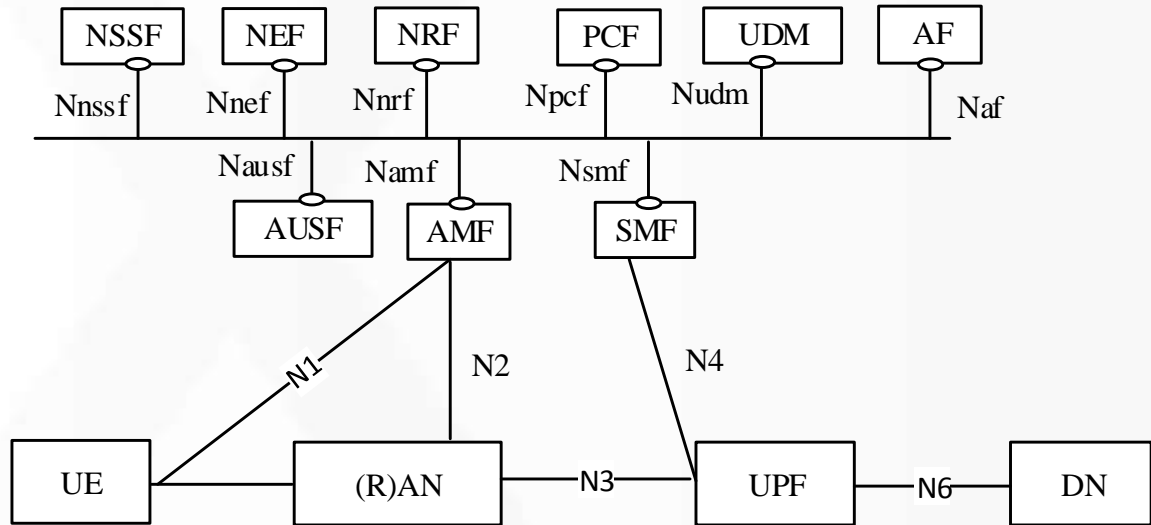
- ❖ 3GPP started in March 2017 the normative work for 5G in **Rel'15**, while continue working in LTE-Advanced Pro
- ❖ 3GPP Rel'15 will aim the first phase of 5G deployments in 2020
  - A.k.a. **New Radio (NR)**
- ❖ 3GPP Rel'16 will target the ITU IMT-2020 submission
- **3GPP plans to submit both LTE-Advanced Pro and New Radio as IMT-2020 candidates**
  - 5G NR for eMBB and URLLC
  - LTE-based NoB-IoT and eMC for mMTC



# 5G Service-based reference architecture



- **Authentication Server Function (AUSF)**
- **Access and Mobility Management Function (AMF)**
- **Data Network (DN)**
- **Unstructured Data Storage Function (UDSF)**
- **Network Exposure Function (NEF)**
- **NF Repository Function (NRF)**
- **Network Slice Selection Function (NSSF)**
- **Policy Control function (PCF)**
- **Session Management Function (SMF)**
- **Unified Data Management (UDM)**
- **Unified Data Repository (UDR)**
- **User plane Function (UPF)**
- **Application Function (AF)**
- **User Equipment (UE)**
- **(Radio) Access Network ((R)AN)**
- **5G-Equipment Identity Register (5G-EIR)**





# 5G-Xcast Consortium



- **Universitat Politècnica de València (UPV)**
- **Nokia Solutions and Networks OY**
- **Nokia Solutions and Networks Management International GmbH**
- **British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC)**
- **British Telecommunications Public Limited Company (BT)**
- **Broadpeak**
- **BundlesLab Kft**
- **Expway**
- **Fairspectrum OY**
- **Institut für Rundfunktechnik GmbH (IRT)**
- **LiveU Ltd.**
- **Nomor Research**
- **One2Many**
- **Samsung Electronics (UK) Limited**
- **Telecom Italia**
- **Turun Ammattikorkeakoulu OY (TUAS)**
- **Union Européenne de Radio Télévision (EBU)**
- **University of Surrey 5GIC**

